ORACLES P3 Flight Scientist Post-Flight Status Report

Date:05 October 2018
Flight number:PRF05Y18
Routine flight or target of opportunity?Target
If target of opportunity, what is the goal?Radiation in partly cloudy skies at
high solar zenith angles for 4STAR almucantar scans
Flight scientist: Sarah Doherty
Assistant flight scientist:n/a
Ground scientist: Jens Redemann
Asst. Ground scientist:Michael Diamond
Take-off:04:05UT
Landing:12:54UT

Quick summary:

Representative ACAOD or ACAOD range for flight: 0.3 ACAOD, 0.4 full-column

Do the models predict crossing a gradient in aerosol age? YES (older in boundary layer, younger above)

Yes/No/Unclear

Notes: some gradient in age with youngest plume towards Southern edge of plume (routine flight is back-up option).

Did the flight cross a gradient in macroscopic cloud properties, like cloud fraction? Yes/No/Unclear

Notes: Radiation work centered over a significant local minimum in low cloud fraction

Did the flight cross a gradient in aerosol loading?

Yes/No/Unclear

YES while in-transit N-S on 5E; NO significant gradient in aerosol loading/AOD across extent of radiation wall.

At any point during the flight, was there a clear separation between the smoke plume(s) and cloud tops?

Yes/No/Unclear

PROBABLY at the north end of the 5E transit; but in radiation wall, pollution reached down into BL

How many of the following maneuvers took place?

Ramps _0
Square spirals2
MBL legs2
Cloud legs _one during radiation wall
one more during transit
home
Above cloud legs3
Sawtooth legs0
Plume legs>3
Above plume legsoutbound transit
from TMS to 9S and towards wall location;
2 full overpasses of radiation wall area; on
the return from 6.5S to EREGO

Instrument status:

Instrument	Comments
P3	No problems.
4STAR	All good. AOD ~0.3-0.32. Some likely window dep again. Also got good morning portion for calibration.
HiGEAR	Had a rough start because TDMA not happy. Tested to see if they got 30-40nm particles in clouds and looks like answer is yes. Also did what might be a refractive index measurement from TDMA to USHAS.
HiGEAR- AMS	Worked great. Got some really great data from all the in-situ work. Really excited about the cloud work behind CVI because really polluted. Also most polluted BL this year.
HSRL-2	Good flight. Instrument worked well again. Lots of interesting aerosol structure. Could see all the way down to the surface which was not the case on other flights. Saw an interesting structure in the upper troposphere that in-situ instruments also saw.
PTI	Performed well. Getting ~0.85-0.87 for SSA but that's very preliminary.
RSP	Instrument worked well. Got data before 1 st square spiral. Then little bits of stuff here and there but not above all aerosol so will do cloud only. On high altitude leg home it's not clear if they'll be able to get anything due to roll oscillations in auto-pilot mode. Worked with the pilots en route home to find an autopilot mode setting that minimized these oscillations. The sun was very low when did first leg, and they really need SZA>20deg. But we were flying in the principle plane so best they could do for low sun.
APR3	Very good day because they got interesting precip on transit south and precip in the radiation wall. In the clear sky spiral they fine-tuned performance in signal which will allow them to run the radar with even better performance going forward.
Cloud probes	Things were pretty swell today! Great mixing in the clouds that will be cool to look at.
CCN	Worked well. Very excited about MBL being very different from earlier flights.
PDI	Worked well. Showed bimodal distributions and had large and small droplet counts and no interference.
Vertical winds	As far as we know, all good (no one on the plane for winds).

WISPR/CVI	Today was mixed. CVI worked great. One of the isotope instruments was dead today so can't get data from the clouds. 2 nd instrument he has to replace this one is good only up to ~5,000', but we'd have that. (Note: primary instrument was later fixed!)
СОМА	Good flight. Everything worked well. Saw higher than usual CO in the BL and in the clouds in the radiation wall.
SSFR	Worked well for most of flight. So did SPN and the camera. Had two 9-rated spirals and after radiation work. Did some tests w/ the platform & it's still not coming up in limit mode, but they have a manual work-around so still got good data.
data	Worked well. Litton is back and worked through whole flight

PRF04Y17 date 08/17/2017 day-of-week Mission Report

flight scientist: Sarah Doherty ground scientist: Jens Redemann

Flight plan and objective:

Radiation flight to capture RSP and 4STAR retrievals at high solar zenith angles.

- Best area was assumed to be near the routine flight track between 5 and 10S, where aerosol was supposed to increase steadily
- Mid- and high clouds were forecast to be minimal
- · Looking for region with maximum low-cloud clearance

Flight Summary:

Transited on 5E to 9.0S, then headed east to find low-cloud-fraction region. At ~7E went south to 9.5S, then headed west.

Did a radiation wall between approx. 5.5E and 7W on 9.5S. This included, in order:

- High-altitude overpass of line where we'll do radiation wall
- Square spiral from ~6km to surface in mostly-cloudy conditions toward east end of wall (~6.6E)
- Above-cloud leg
- In-cloud leg
- Below-cloud lea
- Brief 2nd above-cloud leg for AOD measurement
- 3 vertically-stacked legs in the plume for aerosol in-situ measurements
- 2nd high-altitude overpass of radiation wall line
- Square spiral from ~6km to surface in clear conditions (a "hole" in the cloud cover), towards west end of wall (~5.9E)
- Short below-cloud leg, in-cloud legs and above-cloud legs in transit back to 5E line
- Short in-situ aerosol leg in-transit back along 5E line

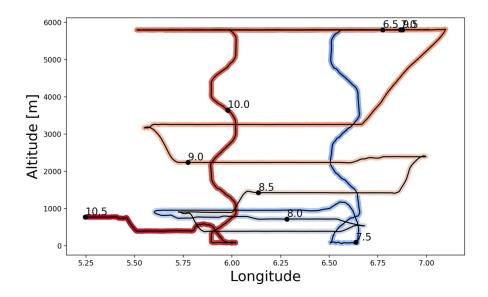
Boundary layer was the most polluted we've seen so far in ORACLES 2018. Cloud droplet number concentrations were accordingly elevated, in both the satellite retrievals and in the P3 cloud probe measurements. Based on chemical ratios from the aerosol in-situ measurements it also appeared to be a more aged plume than on other days in ORACLES 2018.

This will make a very good case for radiative closure, given the two square spirals in different conditions, the full radiation wall, and the moderate RH in the plume (which makes it easier to estimate the ambient-RH aerosol extinction from the low-RH in-situ scattering and absorption measurements).

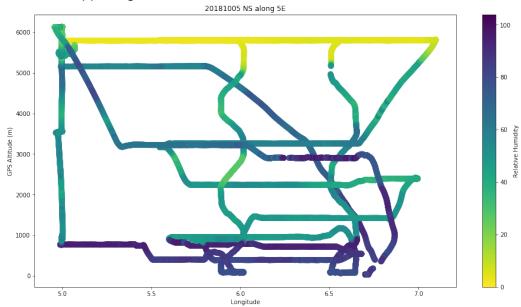
NOTE:

- Preliminary analysis indicates the aerosol measured on this flight was more aged than on other flights.
- Observed Kelvin-Helmholtz waves in top of aerosol layer on HSRL (e.g. see ~09:23-09:25UTC). Could also see this in 4STAR AOD variations.

Plot color-coded for time (UTC, labeled on line) while on radiation wall:



Plot showing RH as a function of longitude. This includes data from the entire flight, not just while on the radiation wall. During the in-situ aerosol legs RH appears to be \sim 50% for lower two legs and <70% for upper leg.

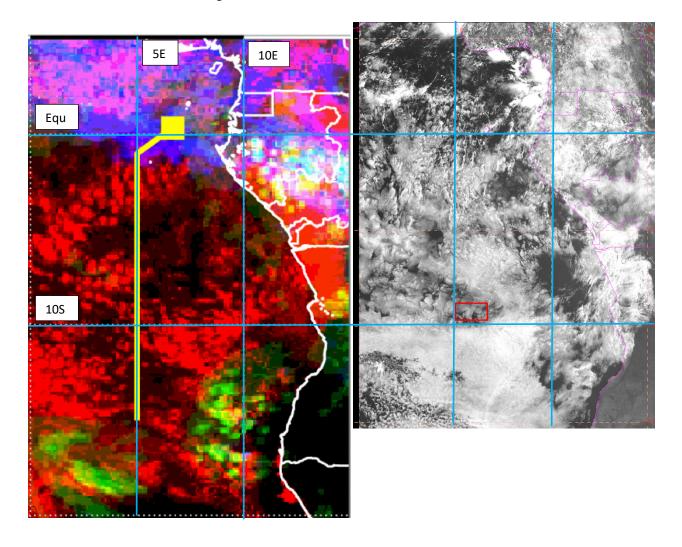


Forecast Verification:

CLOUDS:

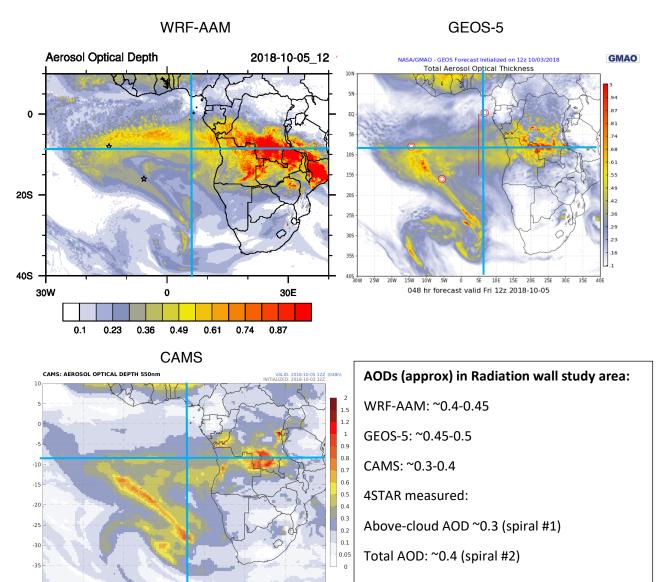
45-hr forecast (Oct 04 weather/aerosol discussion) for 09:00UT Oct 5, 2018 shows a region of thin low clouds ~4-7S, 6-7E. As the day progresses, this region is forecast to move westward.

Forecast (left) and actual (right; high-res visible image) for 09:00 UTC. Clouds in 5-10E, 0-10S are broken in regions, but not as extensively as in the forecast. Approx. area of radiation wall shown as red box in vis. Image.



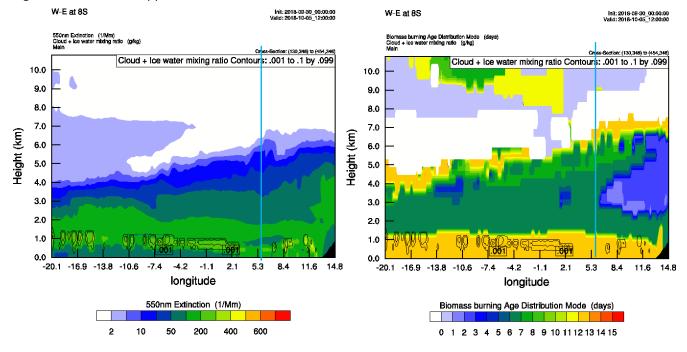
AEROSOLS:

48-hr forecasts for 05 Oct 12UTC. Blue lines show 5E and ~9S – approx. location of Radiation Wall work:



48-hr forecasts for 05 Oct 12UTC

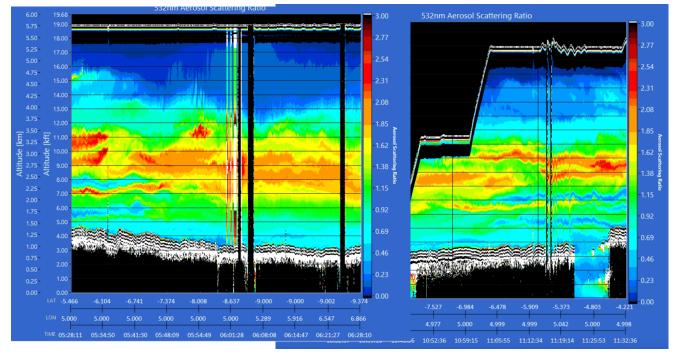
WRF-AAM forecast plume height (top) and aerosol age distribution mode (bottom) along 8S. Light blue lines mark approx 6E. Radiation wall was at 9.5S, 6E.



HSRL images on 5E line to 9S, then east-bound on 9S to 6.9E (left), before start of radiation wall; And on 5E line from ~8S to 4S.

Plume is pretty consistently maximum 2.0-3.5km, whereas WRF-AAM has it mostly below 3km, and increasing from 3km to surface.

Based on in-situ data taken on the P-3, the plume was very aged, relative to on other days; WRF-AAM also shows a plume that is more aged that is typical (above, right).

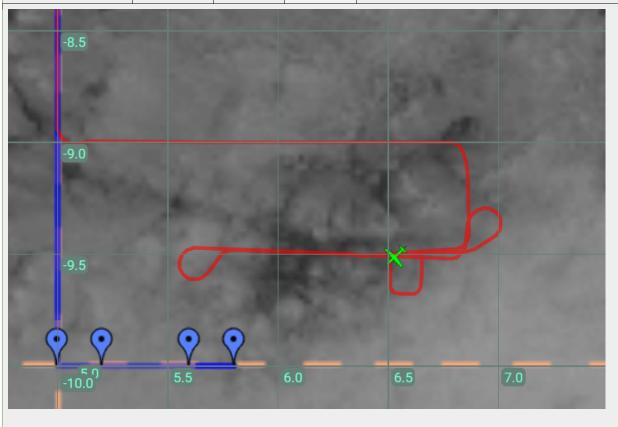


Run Table [UTC]

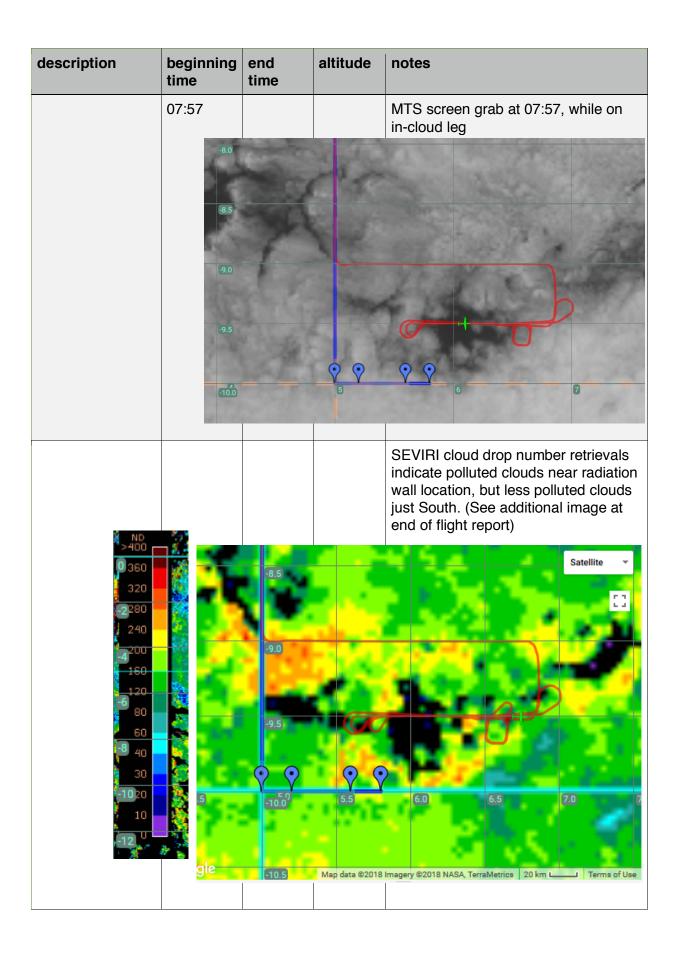
description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
Takeoff	04:05 UTC	X	To max alt	take-off, mostly clear conditions RGB image showing mid-level clouds (yellow) from 03:30 shown below.
NASA La	RC (M04.2) 15 N	10W	Multichannel-RGB	9E 15E
Transit	04:23	9Y:R=R.62 G=T3.9	~5.2km	Monitoring low cloud and mid-level clouds, best spot identified is 9S and 3-4E Clean FT on HSRL and drizzling clouds below
Transit	04:36		~5.2km	Right at equator starting to see a bit of an aerosol layer at 6-7k'/2km.
Transit	04:39	04:50	~5.2km	Clouds lightly precipitating then raining ~1mm/hr (a lot for ORACLES) at 0deg 50' S (4:39UT) & again at 1.6S (04:47UT). At 2S it was up to a few mm/hr (04:50UT), where HSRL cloud tops were at 1.75-2km.

description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
Transit	05:10		~5.8km	3.76S: flying over mid-level cloud; lower level cloud deck "much less active" (APR) Cloud top altitude has dropped to ~4,000', 1.25km along with appearance of mid-alt clouds
Transit	05:15		5.8km	ACAOD slowly increasing towards 5S along routine track, up to 0.25 now per HSRL.
Transit	05:30		5.8km	5.7S: precip. went from borderline detectible to detectible to wide-spread drizzling. No cloud height change on HSRL
Turn	06:05		5.8km	5E, 9S turning E shooting for semi- clearing patch on IR imagery.
High-altitude leg exploring for broken clouds	06:05	06:25	5.8km	East-bound leg on 9S from 5E to 6.8E. Been in quite solid clouds so trying to nudge south half a degree to find more broken cloud. Turned at ~6.7E; going to 9.5S.
		5.0	-9.5.5	6.0 6.5 7.0
	•	•	-10.0	
High-altitude leg exploring for broken clouds	06:25	06:30	5.8km	South-bound from 9S to 9.5S on ~6.8E
West-bound high-alt.	06:30	06:43	5.8km	Turn to head west-bound on 9.5S.

description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
leg over rad. wall area				Decided to do wall on 9.5S between approx 6.25deg and 5.65degE
Turn	06:43	06:48		West-bound to east-bound at 5.55E
West-bound high-alt. leg over rad. wall area	06:48	06:57:30	5.8km	East-bound high-altitude overpass of radiation wall area, 5.8E – 6.8E on 9.5S. Includes overshoot of square spiral location for RSP.
Turn	06:57:30	07:04	5.8km	East-bound to west-bound
East-bound high-alt. leg back to rad. wall area	07:04	07:08	5.8km	West-bound transit to square spiral location
	7:15			Radiation wall screen grab from MTS

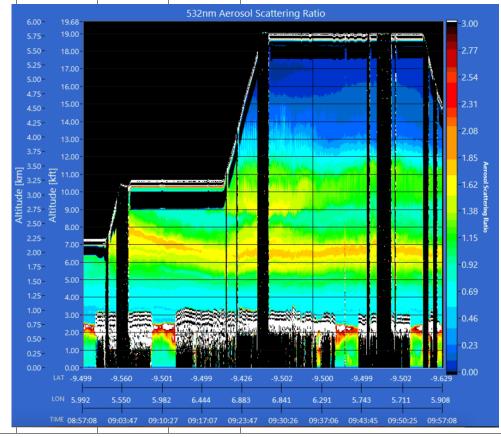


description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
SQUARE SPIRAL #1	07:08	07:27	5.8km to 80m	Square spiral down. Hit cloud top at 2787' press alt ACAOD = 0.31 Definitely still have aerosol Clouds not precipitating RH decreased below plume (where it was low: ~50%)
Spiral back up to above- cloud	07:27	07:34	80m to 980m then 950m	At surface: SP2 counts at ~350ng BC mass Picking up some of Rose's large particles Amie is seeing organics 500-800ng Absorption ~10Mm-1 SSA~0.8 w/out PSAP 20% correction etc. Particles activating at lower levels as go down in aerosol. 07:32 popped above cloud at 3200' press alt 07:33 dropping down a touch
ABOVE- CLOUD LEG (west- Bound)	07:34	07:47:30	950m	200'-above-cloud leg west-bound 6.5E – 5.65E 07:40 hitting low cloud breaks start at 6.15S Scattering above and below cloud almost exactly the same BC and organics about twice above cloud than below cloud 4STAR got sky-scans: ACAOD ~0.3 with some variation; highest AOD in middle of the leg
Turn & decend	07:47:30	07:52		
IN-CLOUD LEG (east-bound)	07:52	08:04	770m	Most polluted cloud this year. HiGEAR on CVI: 40nm particles in cloud droplets; not seeing much in the way of 30nm particles. Clouds very broken & thin with clear patch opening up. Mode of cloud particles ~20-30 according to cloud probes; R _{eff} ~10. 07:57 UTC screen grab below from incloud leg



description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
Turn & ascend	08:04	08:09		Turning and ascending to do 2min above-cloud leg from east end of wall.
BELOW-CLOUD LEG (west-bound)	8:09	08:20	390m	BL dirty along entire track. Leg 6.6 to 5.85E.
Climb west-bound to above-cloud, then turn to east-bound	8:20	08:25:15		
4STAR	08:25:15	08:27:45		East-bound, above-cloud, at west end of radiation wall. 5.83E to 5.99E.
Climb for first In-situ aerosol leg	08:27:45	08:30		East-bound climb
IN-SITU AEROSOL LEG #1	08:30	08:39:50	1.4km / 4400'	East-bound: 6.1 to 6.8E CO 190-210BC=900ng/cm^3 Org = 4ug Green scatter ~40Mm Low SSA 1knot cross-wind out of S/SW at 4600' -! so totally calm AOD 0.28 with small oscillations ("non-normal" according to Sam; maybe related to oscillations in HSRL)
Ascend & turn	08:39:50	08:44		Ascend east-bound, then turn to west-bound
IN-SITU AEROSOL LEG #2	08:44	09:00:30	2.4km-> 2.2km / 7,400' -> 6,900'	West-bound 08:44-08:49 7E-6.6E at 2.4km 08:49-09:00 6.6-5.7E at 2.2km Had to do some adjusting down in alt to find max in aerosol conc. Concentrations increased along leg. At ~3/4 through leg: Green scattering initially ~85, now up to ~100Mm-1 Scattering angstrom ~2 CO Initially ~250 ppbv then rose to ~270ppb BC 1.3ug/m³ initially; then 1.5ug/m³

description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
Ascend & turn	09:00:30	09:05		Ascend west-bound; turn to east-bound.
IN-SITU AEROSOL LEG #3	09:05	09:20	3.25km / 10,050'	East-bound: 5.7 to 6.7E
Ramped ascent then turn	09:20	09:29		Ascend east-bound then turn
HIGH-ALT OVERPASS of Radiation wall area	09:29	09:44	5.8km / 18,000'	East-bound: 7.0 to 5.7E 4STAR AOD~0.08 – dirty window 09:32:45 at east edge of square spiral Aerosol looks more 2-layered than on first run. Maybe the upper layer dried out? HSRL AOD just shy of 0.4
Turn west- to east-bound	09:44	09:53:45	5.8km / 18,000'	Return to clear-sky spot along the wall for a 2nd spiral.
				Aerosol layers and gaps in clouds allowing for BL retrievals from HSRL:



description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
SQUARE SPIRAL	9:53:45	10:13	5.8km ->	Square spiral at 9.5S/6E.
#2			80m	12,000' press alt to 12,600' press alt BC, org, scatt all starting to go up. Scat at 18Mm ⁻¹ 9,000' GPS alt aerosol leveled off at green scat 53Mm ⁻¹ & BC also leveled off. OA & scattering lower than in first spiral. RH peaked in highest aerosol layer in mid-60's. At 5700' ~50% RH Rose has been seeing her large particles since ~9,000' Top of BL a bit higher on this end (vs. east end of wall where did 1st spiral) AMS indictes BL even a bit more polluted than first BL leg. But SP2 looks about the same. Art says maybe a tad higher (~10ng) CO ~105ppbv Winds 8knots at 235deg Steve says he's not seeing a Hoppel minimum so not cloud-processed. Same in first BL leg. Sam reported AOD ~0.4 at surface.
Turn at surface	10:13	10:17		Circle at surface
Climb to just Below cloud	10:17	10:20		Initially to 580m then down to 400m
BELOW-CLOUD LEG in transit to 5E from	10:20	10:26	400m	Exited from south edge of square spiral at 200' for NW heading to 5E.
radiation wall area.				Went from clear sky to just under cloud at ~10:21
				Below-cloud leg for SSFR in transit from wall area to 5E line, heading NW.
				→ During Terra overpass time
Ascent	10:26	10:27	400-> 740m	Ascent in-transit from 9.3S, 5.5E to get in cloud

description	beginning time	end time	altitude	notes
IN-CLOUD LEG	10:27	10:38	770m / 2,300'	Popping in and out of small clouds. HiGEAR on CVI. CO has gone from ~104 to ~110 when went from more broken clouds to more consistent low clouds. Mode of ~18microns on PDI. Really small droplets. Ended leg when came out of them horizontally.
ABOVE-CLOUD 4 STAR SKY-SCANS	10:39	10:44:30	935m / 2,800' -> 1,000m / 3,100'	Above-cloud legs for 4STAR sky-scans. Bumped up ~100' between 2 4STAR sky-scans to stay above cloud.
Ascend for aerosol leg	10:44:30	10:50		
IN-SITU AEROSOL LEG	10:50	10:59:45	3.5km / 10,800'	In-transit on way home: 5E, 7.7S – 6.9S
Ascend to high altitude	10:59:45	11:05		5E, 6.9 – 6.5S
High-altitude leg on transit back to TMS.	11:05	12:20	5.5 km / 17,000' Then to 6.1km / 18,000'	5E, 6.5 – 0S High alt leg for HSRL & RSP. But RSP got messed up by plane wiggles. Changed to fully manual flying so had ~20min leg ending at 0S,5E that was good for RSP. Simone/APR says precip rates here (N of 1.5S) very similar to the morning. 1-3mm/hr rain. Sees 4 layers of clouds
RTB via 0S, 5E	12:20	12:54:50		
LANDING	12:54:20	Х		

Other Visuals:

09:00 UTC Cloud Droplet Number Concentration from LARC ORACLES MSG cloud products.

Thick cyan lines show $^{\sim}6E$ and $^{\sim}9.5S$ = radiation wall area, highlighting elevated Nd.

